

High Performance ISM Band OOK/FSK Transmitter IC

ADF7901

FEATURES

Single-chip low power UHF transmitter 369.5 MHz to 395.9 MHz frequency operation using fractional-N PLL and fully-integrated VCO 3.0 V supply voltage Data rates up to 50 kbps supported Low current consumption 26 mA at 12 dBm output at 384 MHz Power-down mode (< 1 µA) 24-lead TSSOP package

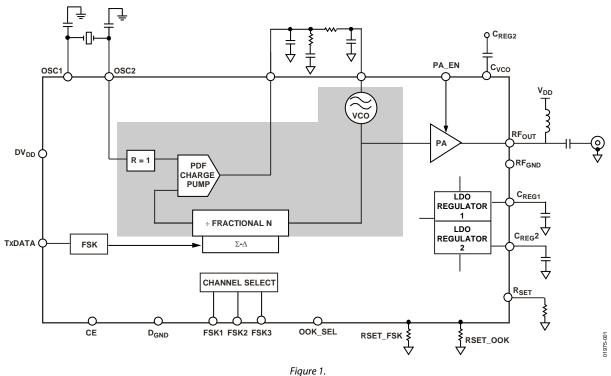
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADF7901 is a low power OOK/FSK UHF transmitter designed for use in RF remote control devices. This device is capable of frequency shift keying (FSK) modulation on eight

different channels, selectable by three external control lines. OOK modulation is performed by modulating the PA control line.

The on-chip VCO operates at $2\times$ the output frequency. The division by 2 at the output of the VCO reduces the amount of PA feedthrough. As a result, OOK modulation depths of greater than 50 dB are easily achievable.

The FSK_ADJ and ASK_ADJ resistors can be adjusted in the system to optimize output power for each modulation scheme. An additional 1.5 dB of output power is provided for the lower bank of channels to adjust for antenna performance. The CE line allows the transmitter to be powered down completely. In this mode, the leakage current is typically $0.1 \,\mu$ A.



FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

Rev. 0

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REVISION HISTORY

3/05—Revision 0: Initial Version

SPECIFICATIONS

 V_{DD} =3.0 V; GND = 0 V; T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical specifications, T_A = 25°C.

Table 1.

| Parameter ¹ | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Comments/Conditions |
|---------------------------------------|-------|--------|----------------------------|------|----------------------------|
| RF CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Output Frequency Ranges | | | | | |
| Channel 1 | | 369.5 | | MHz | |
| Channel 2 | | 371.1 | | MHz | |
| Channel 3 | | 375.3 | | MHz | |
| Channel 4 | | 376.9 | | MHz | |
| Channel 5 | | 384.0 | | MHz | |
| Channel 6 | | 388.3 | | MHz | |
| Channel 7 | | 391.5 | | MHz | |
| Channel 8 | | 394.3 | | MHz | |
| Channel 9 | | 395.9 | | MHz | |
| Phase Frequency Detector Frequency | | 9.8304 | | MHz | |
| TRANSMISSION PARAMETERS | | | | | |
| Transmit Rate | | | | | |
| FSK | | 50 | | kbps | |
| OOK | | 50 | | kbps | |
| Frequency Shift Keying | | | | | |
| FSK Separation ² | | -34.8 | | kHz | Data = 1 |
| | | +34.8 | | kHz | Data = 0 |
| On/Off Keying | | | | | |
| Modulation Depth ³ | | 83 | | dB | Output power = 12 dBm |
| Output Power | | | | | |
| Min/Max Range ⁴ | | 15 | | dBm | |
| $f_{OUT} \le 384 \text{ MHz}$ | 10 | 12 | | dBm | |
| fouт > 384 MHz | 7 | 10.5 | | dBm | |
| Occupied 20 dB BW | | | | | |
| OOK at 1 kbit/s | | ±28 | ±461.9 | kHz | |
| FSK (PA Off/On) at10 Hz⁵ | | ±26 | ±461.9 | kHz | |
| LOGIC INPUTS | | | | | |
| V _{INH} , Input High Voltage | 2.124 | | | V | |
| V _{INL} , Input Low Voltage | | | $0.2 \times V_{\text{DD}}$ | V | |
| IINH/IINL, Input Current | | | ±1 | μA | |
| C _{IN} , Input Capacitance | | | 10 | pF | |
| POWER SUPPLIES | | | | | |
| Voltage Supply | | | | | |
| DV _{DD} | | 3.0 | | V | |
| Transmit Current Consumption | | | | | |
| 369.5 MHz to 376.9 MHz at 12 dBm | | 26 | | mA | |
| 384 MHz at +12 dBm | | 26 | | mA | |
| 388.3 MHz to 395.9 MHz at 10.5 dBm | | 21 | | mA | |
| 384 MHz at 5 dBm | | 17 | | mA | |
| Power-Down Mode | | | | | |
| Low Power Sleep Mode ⁶ | | 0.2 | 1 | μA | |

| Parameter ¹ | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Comments/Conditions |
|---|-----|--------------|-----|-------|----------------------------|
| PHASE-LOCKED LOOP | | | | | |
| VCO Gain | | 30 | | MHz/V | At 384 MHz |
| Spurious ^{, 7} | | | | | 100 kHz loop BW |
| Integer Boundary | | -45 | -23 | dBc | |
| Reference | | -70 | -23 | dBc | |
| Harmonics | | | | | |
| Second Harmonic $V_{DD} = 3.0 V$ | | -24 | -21 | dBc | |
| Third Harmonic $V_{DD} = 3.0 V$ | | -14 | -11 | dBc | |
| All Other Harmonics | | | -18 | dBc | |
| REFERENCE INPUT | | | | | |
| Crystal Reference | | 9.8304 | | MHz | |
| POWER AMPLIFIER | | | | | |
| PA Output Impedance | | 97 Ω + 6.4 p | F | | At 384 MHz |
| TIMING INFORMATION | | | | | |
| Crystal Oscillator to PLL Lock | | 2 | 3 | ms | |
| PA Enable to PA Ready–PLL Settle ⁸ | | 100 | 250 | μs | |
| TEMPERATURE RANGE (T _A) | 0 | | 50 | °C | |

¹ Operating temperature range is as follows: 0°C to 50°C.
 ² Frequency Deviation = 34 × (9.8304 MHz)/2¹⁴. Error in the crystal is reflected in variation in the desired deviation.
 ³ Not production tested; based on characterization.
 ⁴ The output power can be varied in both ASK/FSK mode by altering the relevant external resistor.
 ⁵ Measured using spectrum analyzer, 1 MHz span, 100 kHz RBW, max hold enabled.
 ⁶ Maximum power-down current specification applies for the OSC2 pin grounded.

⁷ Measured > 461.9 kHz away from channel. ⁸ This specification refers to the time taken for the PLL to regain lock after the PA has been enabled. The PA is should only be enabled after the PLL has settled to the correct frequency.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.

Table 2.

| o +4.0 V |
|-------------------------|
| o +4.0 V |
| V _{DD} + 0.3 V |
| |
|)°C |
| +125℃ |
| |
| W |
| |
| |
| |
| , |

 $^{\rm 1}$ This device is a high performance RF-integrated circuit with an ESD rating of <1 kV. It is ESD sensitive. Take proper precautions for handling and assembly.

 2 GND = RFGND = DGND = 0 V.

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ESD CAUTION

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Electrostatic charges as high as 4000 V readily accumulate on the human body and test equipment and can discharge without detection. Although this product features proprietary ESD protection circuitry, permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy electrostatic discharges. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.



PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

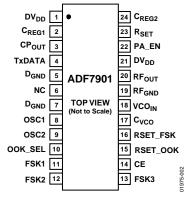


Figure 2. Pin Configuration

Table 3. Pin Function Descriptions

| Pin No. | Mnemonic | Function |
|---------|-------------------|--|
| 1 | DV _{DD} | Positive Supply for the Digital Circuitry. This must be 3.0 V. Decoupling capacitors to the analog ground plane should be placed as close as possible to this pin. |
| 2 | C _{REG1} | A 2.2 µF capacitor should be added at C _{REG1} to reduce regulator noise and improve stability. A reduced capacitor will improve regulator power-on time but may cause higher spurious. |
| 3 | CPout | Charge Pump Output. This output generates current pulses that are integrated in the loop filter. The integrated current changes the control voltage on the input to the VCO. |
| 4 | TxDATA | Digital FSK data to be transmitted is inputted on this pin. |
| 5 | | Ground for Digital Section. |
| 6 | NC | No Connect. |
| 7 | D _{GND} | Ground for Digital Section. |
| 8 | OSC1 | The reference crystal should be connected between this pin and the OSC2 pin. The necessary crystal load capacitor should be tied between this pin and ground. |
| 9 | OSC2 | The reference crystal should be connected between this pin and the OSC1 pin. The necessary crystal load capacitor should be tied between this pin and ground. |
| | | When not using an external regulator, a 1 M Ω resistor can be tied between the OSC2 pin and ground to meet the power-down current specification of 1 μ A. |
| 10 | OOK_SEL | A high on this pin selects operation in OOK mode at 384 MHz when CE is high. |
| 11 | FSK1 | FSK Channel Select Pin. This represents the LSB of the channel select pins. |
| 12 | FSK2 | FSK Channel Select Pin. |
| 13 | FSK3 | FSK Channel Select Pin. |
| 14 | CE | Bringing CE low puts the ADF7901 into power-down drawing < 1 μ A of current. |
| 15 | RSET_OOK | The value of this resistor sets the output power for data = 1 in OOK mode. A resistor of 3.6 k Ω provides the maximum output power. Increasing the resistor reduces the power and the current consumption. A lower resistor value than 3.6 k Ω can be used to increase the power to a maximum of 14 dBm. The PA does not operate efficiently in this mode. |
| 16 | RSET_FSK | The value of this resistor sets the output power in FSK mode. A resistor of 3.6 k Ω provides maximum output power. Increasing the resistor reduces the power and the current consumption. A resistor value lower than 3.6 k Ω can be used to increase the power to a maximum of 14 dBm. The PA does not operate efficiently in this mode. |
| 17 | Сисо | A 22 nF capacitor should be tied between the C_{VCO} and C_{REG2} pins. This line should run underneath the ADF7901. The capacitor is necessary to ensure stable VCO operation. |
| 18 | VCO _{IN} | The tuning voltage on this pin determines the output frequency of the voltage controlled oscillator (VCO). The higher the tuning voltage the higher the output frequency. The output of the loop filter is connected here. |
| 19 | RF _{GND} | Ground for Output Stage of Transmitter. |
| 20 | RFout | The modulated signal is available at this pin. Output power levels are from –5 dBm to +12 dBm. The output should be impedance matched using suitable components to the desired load. |

| Pin No. | Mnemonic | Function |
|---------|-------------------|---|
| 21 | DV _{DD} | Voltage Supply for VCO and PA Section. It should be supplied with 3.0 V. Decoupling capacitors to the ground plane should be placed as close as possible to this pin. |
| 22 | PA_EN | This pin is used to enable the power amplifier. It should be modulated with the OOK data in OOK mode. In FSK mode, it should be enabled when the PLL is locked. |
| 23 | Rset | External resistor to set charge pump current and some internal bias currents. Use 3.6 k Ω as default. |
| 24 | C _{REG2} | A 2.2 µF capacitor should be added at C _{REG2} to reduce regulator noise and improve stability. A reduced capacitor will improve regulator power-on time but may cause higher spurs. |

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

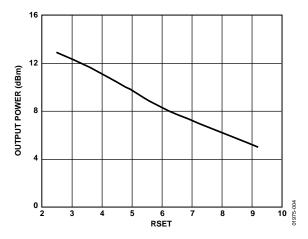


Figure 3. Output Power vs. R_{SET} FSK, Upper FSK Channels, Measured into 50 Ω

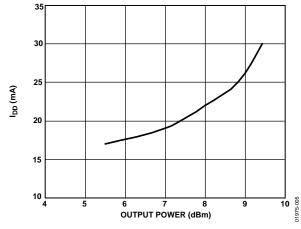


Figure 4. Current Consumption vs. Output Power, Upper FSK Channels, Measured into 50 Ω

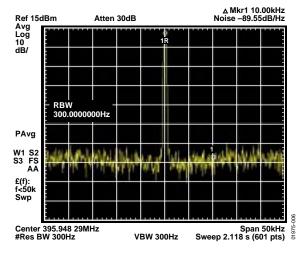


Figure 5. Phase Noise at Channel 9

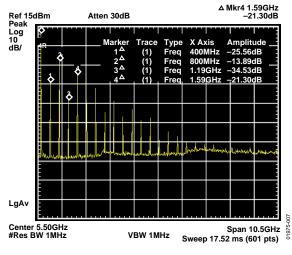


Figure 6. Harmonic Levels—Up to Fourth Harmonic, Measured at Channel 9 into 50 Ω

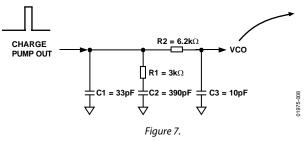
CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

Table 4.

| Frequency MHz | FSK3 | FSK2 | FSK1 | OOK_SEL | |
|---------------|------|------|------|---------|--|
| 369.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 371.1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| 375.3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| 376.9 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| 384.0 | Х | Х | Х | 1 | |
| 388.3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 391.5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| 394.3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| 395.9 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | |
| | | | | | |

LOOP FILTER

The loop filter integrates the current pulses from the charge pump to form a voltage that tunes the output of the VCO to the desired frequency. It also attenuates spurious levels generated by the PLL. The recommended loop filter design for this circuit is 297 kHz. This is based on the trade-off between attenuation of beat note spurs and the need to minimize chirp when the PA is turned on.



Improved spurious performance in FSK mode can be achieved by using a narrower loop bandwidth. For a data rate of 20 kbps, a loop bandwidth of roughly 50 kHz would be suitable. The following components give a loop bandwidth of 51.1 kHz:

| C1 = 680 pF |
|----------------------------|
| C2 = 15 nF |
| C3 = 180 pF |
| R1 = 510 Ω |
| $R2 = 6.2 \text{ k}\Omega$ |

ADIsimPLL is a free software tool offered by Analog Devices for assistance in designing with ADI's frequency synthesizers and ISM band transmitters. To select the correct loop filter components for use with the ADF7901, open a project for the ADF7012 device. Then, enter the desired output carrier frequency and loop bandwidth, and use the 870 μ A charge pump current setting.

ADIsimPLL can be downloaded from the Analog Devices website, www.analog.com.

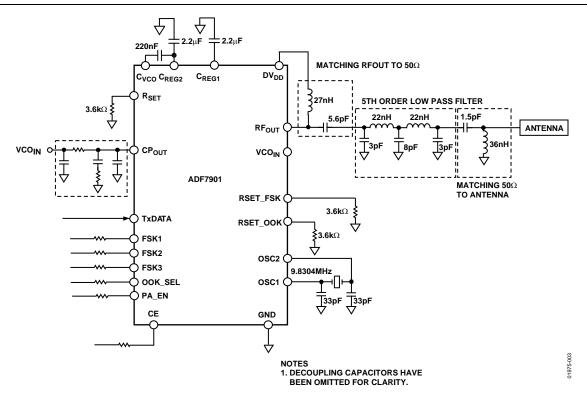


Figure 8. Applications Diagram for the ADF7901 in a Remote Control System

LAYOUT GUIDELINES

The layout of the board is crucial to ensuring low levels of spurious and harmonics.

Decoupling

Decoupling capacitors (high frequency 22 pF, low frequency 100 nF) should be placed as close as possible to the supply pins on the part. Low size 0402 and 0603 components are recommended for the high frequency rejection on the supply.

Regulator Stability

A minimum of 1 μ F is needed on both C_{REG1} and C_{REG2} to ensure stability. An additional 22 pF capacitor can be added to reject higher frequency noise. Since many of the internal blocks run off the regulator, it is critical to reduce its noise. Low size 0402 and 0603 components are recommended for the high frequency rejection on the supply.

Grounding

Emphasis should be placed on the grounding once the decoupling capacitors have been added. The PA stage switches currents of 15 mA in maximum power mode. This causes changes in the ground resulting in large return currents that can radiate to other parts of the board. The shortest and least obstructed ground from RFGND back to the ground of the battery should be ensured. A 4-layer board will help, as well as flooding the top layer. The ground paths should not have any vias and should be wide tracks.

Supply

The supply tracks can be routed through vias, since they act as free inductors on the board and make layout easier on a 2-layer board (see the Decoupling section). Tracks should be wide.

Digital Lines

Digital lines should contain a large resistor in series. This impedance blocks signals of many frequencies including harmonics and the carrier frequency. Long control lines can act as antennae. It can be useful to add capacitance to ground. There is some capacitance to ground provided by the lines and at the input of the digital pins.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

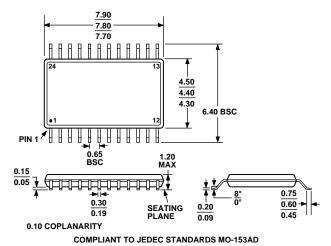


Figure 9. 24-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]

(RU-24) Dimensions shown in millimeters

ORDERING GUIDE

| Model | Temperature Range | Package Description | Package Option |
|------------------|-------------------|--|----------------|
| ADF7901BRU | 0°C to 50°C | 24-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Pacakage (TSSOP) | RU-24 |
| ADF7901BRU-REEL | 0°C to 50°C | 24-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Pacakage (TSSOP) | RU-24 |
| ADF7901BRU-REEL7 | 0°C to 50°C | 24-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Pacakage (TSSOP) | RU-24 |
| EVAL-ADF7901EB | | Evaluation Board | |

NOTES

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